

Winter Canola Planting Date and Variety in Northwest Montana

Introduction

- Montana produced 180,000 acres of canola in 2022 (USDA 2022). • Winter canola has advantages over spring planted canola, including higher yield
- potential and earlier flowering and maturity.
- Poor establishment and winter survival have historically limited winter canola production in Montana.
- Planting time of winter canola has shown to effect establishment and yield in other environments (Assefa et al. 2014).
- **Objective:** Determine the effect of planting date and variety on establishment and yield of winter canola.

Materials & Methods

- A trial was conducted in 2021 and 2022 near Kalispell, MT.
- Split-plot design with four replications.
- Main-plot: Planting date (Table 1).
- Sub-plot: Canola variety (Table 1).
- Canola was planted at a six inch row spacing, target population 18 plants/ft²
- Fertility management; nutrients broadcast applied in spring
 - Nitrogen: 210 lbs/acre
- Phosphorus: 40 lbs/acre
- Potassium: 35 lbs/acre
- Sulfur: 20 lbs/acre
- Data collection: fall and spring stand count, canola yield, test weight, and oil content
- Data was analyzed utilizing ANOVA with Tukey's HSD

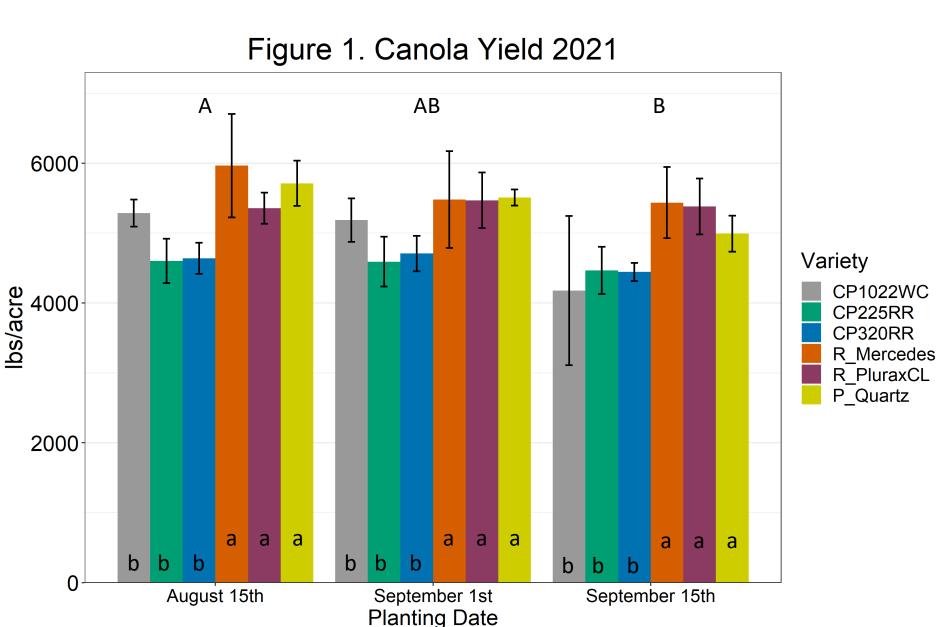
Table 1. Treatments		
Planting Date	Canola Variety	
	Croplan 1022WC	
	Croplan 225RR	
August 15	Croplan 320RR	
August IJ	Rubisco Mercedes	
	Rubisco PluraxCL	
	Photosyntech Quartz	
	Croplan 1022WC	
	Croplan 225RR	
September 1	Croplan 320RR	
Sehrennner T	Rubisco Mercedes	
	Rubisco PluraxCL	
	Photosyntech Quartz	
September 15	Croplan 1022WC	
	Croplan 225RR	
	Croplan 320RR	
	Rubisco Mercedes	
	Rubisco PluraxCL	
	Photosyntech Quartz	

Clint Beiermann¹

¹Montana State University, Northwest Ag Research Center, Kalispell, MT E-mail: clint.beiermann@montana.edu

- \bullet
- date (Figure 1).
- 2).
- oil content (Table 5).

Table 4. Canola Stand and % Reduction main effects 2022				
Spring Stand plants ft ⁻²	% Stand Reduction			
8.6 a*	37 bc			
6.3 ab	48 ab			
7.6 a	29 c			
8.6 a	41 bc			
7.4 a	39 bc			
5.9 b	64 a			
	Spring Stand plants ft ⁻² 8.6 a* 6.3 ab 7.6 a 8.6 a 7.4 a			



Results

Planting after September 1st caused increased overwinter stand reduction in both seasons (Table 2; 3). Overwinter stand reduction was higher in the varieties Quartz and CP225RR in 2022 (Table 4). Lowest overwinter stand reduction in the varieties CP320RR, CP1022WC, PluraxCL, and Mercedes. August 15 planting date yielded higher than September 15 in the 2021 growing season (Figure 1).

Mercedes, Plurax, and Quartz were highest yielding varieties in 2021 regardless of planting

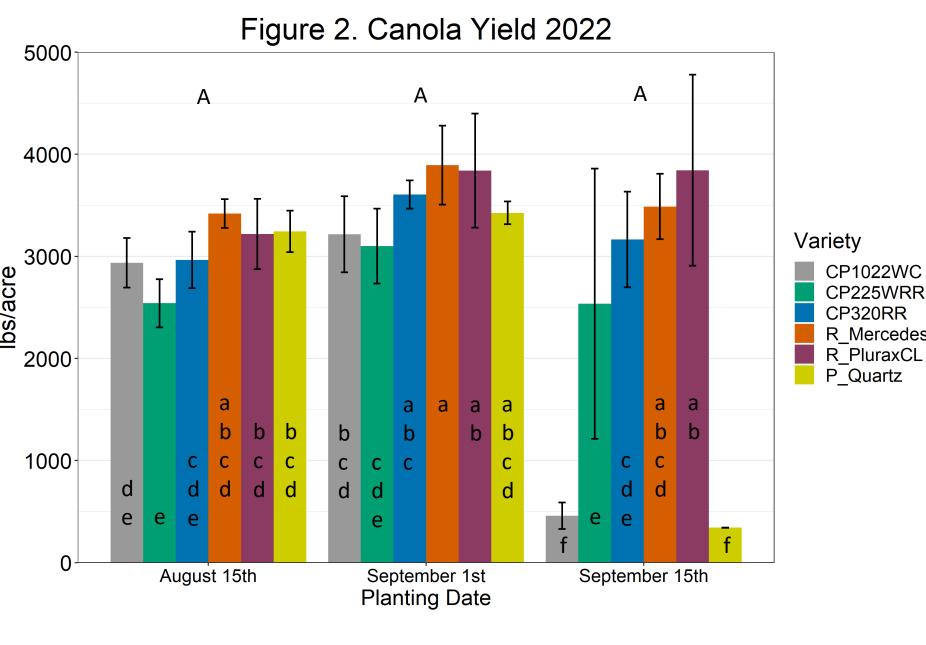
Mercedes and Plurax were highest yielding across all planting dates, in 2022 (Figure 2). CP1022WC and Quartz yielded considerably lower when planted on September 15th (Figure

High yielding varieties in 2021 also had highest

Table 2. Canola Stand and	% Reduction 2021		
Treatment	Fall Stand plants ft ⁻²	Spring Stand plants ft ⁻²	% Stand Reduction
August 15	14.38 b*	10.81 ab	23.21 a
September 1	14.96 b	11.91 a	17.92 a
September 15	17.12 a	9.81 b	41.59 b
*Treatments denoted by different lett	ers are significantly different at α =0.05		

Table 3. Cano	ola Stand, O	verwinter Sta	and Reductio	n, and Oil Co	ntent 2022		
Treatment	Fall Stand plants ft ⁻²	Spring Stand plants ft ⁻²	% Stand Reduction	% Oil Content	Variety	Fall Stand plants ft ⁻²	% Oil Content
August 15 1		9.6 a	20.0 b	48.1 a	CP1022WC	11.8 abcd	47.2 cd
	12.3 ab*				CP225RR	12.4 abcd	46.5 def
					CP320RR	10.5 de	47.1 cde
	12.5 dD				Mercedes	12.1 abcd	49.5 ab
					PluraxCL	12.4 abcd	48.2 c
					Quartz	14.3 abc	49.6 a
			31.0 b	47.0 a	CP1022WC	14.3 abc	46.5 def
					CP225RR	13.5 abcd	45.9 efg
September 1	13.3 a	8.9 a			CP320RR	11.3 bcd	45.5 fg
September I	13.5 d	0.9 d			Mercedes	14.1 abc	48.1 c
					PluraxCL	12.2 abcd	48.3 bc
				Quartz	14.4 ab	47.8 cd	
September 15	eptember 15 11.3 b 2.3 b		78.8 a	44.7 b	CP1022WC	14 a	44 gh
					CP225RR	11.4 bcd	43 h
		2.3 b			CP320RR	11.2 cd	43.1 h
					Mercedes	11.3 bcd	47.8 cd
					PluraxCL	12.3 abcd	47.1 cd
					Quartz	6.9 e	42.6 h

ients denoted by different letters are significantly different at α =0.0!



Discussion & Conclusion

Plant August 15 to September 1 for optimal stand establishment and overwinter survival. • Early planting was beneficial to yield in 2021.

Consider varieties that perform well at later planting dates if an optimal planting time cannot be achieved. Consider weed control options as well as yield potential when selecting a variety.

Literature

• Assefa Y, Roozeboom K, Stamm M (2014) Winter canola yield and survival as a function of environment, genetics, and management. Crop Sci 54:2303-2313 • USDA (2022) National Agricultural Statistics Service. Accessed: 18 November 2022 https://quickstats.nass.usda.gov/





Variety	% Oil Content
CP1022WC	48.3 b*
CP225RR	47.9 bc
CP320RR	47.4 c
Mercedes	51.2 a
PluraxCL	50.5 a
Quartz	50.4 a

fferent at $\alpha = 0.05$